



MONOGRAPH

Ceftazidime Monograph - Paediatric

Scope (Staff):	Medical, Pharmacy, Nursing
Scope (Area):	All Clinical Areas

Child Safe Organisation Statement of Commitment

CAHS commits to being a child safe organisation by applying the National Principles for Child Safe Organisations. This is a commitment to a strong culture supported by robust policies and procedures to reduce the likelihood of harm to children and young people.

This document should be read in conjunction with this [DISCLAIMER](#)

QUICKLINKS

[Dosage/Dosage Adjustments](#)

[Administration](#)

[Compatibility](#)

[Monitoring](#)

DRUG CLASS

Broad spectrum cephalosporin.⁽¹⁾

INDICATIONS AND RESTRICTIONS

- Ceftazidime is a third generation cephalosporin antibiotic with broad, Gram negative (including antipseudomonal), activity. It is generally reserved for the treatment of *Pseudomonas aeruginosa* infections (particularly in patients with Cystic Fibrosis).⁽¹⁾

Oral: Monitored (orange) antibiotic

- If the use is consistent with a standard approved indication, this must be communicated to ChAMP by documenting that indication on all prescriptions (inpatient and outpatient).
- The ChAMP team will review if ongoing therapy is required and/or if the order does not meet [ChAMP Standard Indications](#)
- If use is not for a standard approved indication, phone approval must be obtained from ChAMP before prescribing.

CONTRAINDICATIONS

- Hypersensitivity to ceftazidime or any component of the formulation or history of [high-risk allergy](#) to cephalosporins.⁽¹⁻³⁾
- Hypersensitivity to aztreonam, as cross-reactivity may occur.⁽¹⁾

PRECAUTIONS

- Ceftazidime may be prescribed in selected patients with high risk allergy to another Beta-lactam sub-class (e.g. some penicillins, carbapenems) in discussion with immunology.⁽¹⁾
- In patients with a previous [low risk reaction](#) to ceftazidime or another cephalosporin (delayed rash [>1 hr after initial exposure] without mucosal or systemic involvement) the risk of subsequent reaction is low. Re-challenge may be acceptable in discussion with immunology.
- Each 1 gram of ceftazidime contains 2.3mmol (52mg) of sodium.^(4, 5)
- Carbon dioxide is released during reconstitution, ensure bubbles have cleared and air removed prior to administration.⁽⁴⁾

FORMULATIONS

Listed below are products available at PCH, other formulations may be available, check with pharmacy if required:

- 1 gram powder for injection vial
- 2 gram powder for injection vial

Also available as a combination product: refer to the [Ceftazidime with avibactam Monograph - Paediatric](#)

Imprest location: [Formulary One](#)

DOSAGE & DOSAGE ADJUSTMENTS

Neonates: [Refer to Neonatal Medication Protocols](#)

Children (>4 weeks to 18 years):

IV:

- **Severe infections:** 50mg/kg/dose (to a maximum of 2 grams) 8 hourly.⁽⁶⁾
- **Cystic fibrosis:** 50mg/kg/dose (to a maximum of 3 grams) 8 hourly.^(3, 6, 7)

[Dosing in Overweight and Obese Children:](#)

- Dose based on measured body weight.⁽⁸⁾

Renal impairment:

- [eGFR calculator](#)
- CrCl ≥50mL/minute: normal dose
- CrCl ≥30 to <50mL/minute: administer 50mg/kg/dose every 12 hours
- CrCl ≥10 to <30mL/minute: administer 50mg/kg/dose every 24 hours
- CrCl <10mL/minute: administer 50mg/kg/dose every 48 hours⁽³⁾

Hepatic impairment:

- No dosage adjustment required in hepatic impairment.⁽³⁾

RECONSTITUTION & ADMINISTRATION

IV bolus:

- Reconstitute each vial with the volume of water for injection in the table below.⁽⁹⁾
- Reconstituted solutions may darken on storage from light yellow to amber; this does not necessarily indicate a loss of potency.⁽⁴⁾

Vial strength	Volume of water for injection required	Resulting concentration	Displacement volume
1 gram	9.4 mL	100mg/mL	0.6mL

- Upon reconstitution Carbon Dioxide is produced with the solution fizzing and clearing within 1 to 2 minutes. The gas should be vented from the vial after ceftazidime has dissolved.^(4, 10)
- Administer the 100mg/mL solution over 3 to 5 minutes.^(3, 4)

IV infusion:

- Further dilute to a final concentration of 40mg/mL or less and infuse over 15 to 30 minutes.^(3, 4)

IM injection:

- Reconstitute each 1gram vial with 3mL of lidocaine (lignocaine) 1% (10mg/mL) or water for injection. This results in an approximate final concentration of 260mg/mL.⁽⁴⁾ Shake to dissolve. The solution will fizz and become clear in 1 to 2 minutes.⁽⁴⁾
- **Note: Preparations with lidocaine (lignocaine) 1% (10mg/mL) as diluent must NEVER be given intravenously⁽⁴⁾**
- The maximum recommended single IM dose is 1gram. For doses higher than 1gram, the dose must be split between two sites. Administer up to 1 gram via deep injection into a large muscle mass e.g. vastus lateralis or gluteal muscle.⁽⁴⁾
- Refer to PCH Guideline: [Intramuscular Injections](#) (internal link)

COMPATIBILITY (LIST IS NOT EXHAUSTIVE)**Compatible fluids:**

- Glucose 5%
- Glucose 5% in sodium chloride 0.9%
- Sodium chloride 0.9%⁽⁴⁾

Compatible at Y-site:

[Compatibilities of IV drugs](#) must be checked when two or more drugs are given concurrently.

MONITORING

- Renal, hepatic and haematological function should be monitored weekly with prolonged therapy (i.e. longer than 7 days).^(1, 2)
- Prothrombin time (PT) should be monitored in at risk patients (e.g. concurrent administration of warfarin, prolonged treatment, hepatic or renal disease).⁽³⁾

ADVERSE EFFECTS

Common: diarrhoea, nausea, abdominal pain, vomiting, pain and inflammation at injection site, rash, headache, dizziness, candidiasis, thrombocytosis, thrombophlebitis, eosinophilia, leucopenia.^(1, 7)

Infrequent: antibiotic associated colitis, angioedema, anaphylactic reaction.⁽⁷⁾

Rare: neurotoxicity (e.g. confusion, seizures, encephalopathy particularly with high doses and/or renal impairment), blood dyscrasias (e.g. neutropenia, thrombocytopenia), haemolytic anaemia, renal impairment, acute kidney injury, tubulointerstitial nephritis, Severe cutaneous adverse reactions (SCARs).^(1, 7)

STORAGE

- Store vials below 25°C and protect from light.^(3, 5)
- Store syringes prepared by Pharmacy Compounding Service (PCS) between 2°C and 8°C.⁽⁴⁾

INTERACTIONS

This medication may interact with other medications; consult PCH approved references (e.g. [Clinical Pharmacology](#)), a clinical pharmacist or PCH Medicines Information Service on extension 63546 for more information.

Please note: The information contained in this guideline is to assist with the preparation and administration of **ceftazidime**. Any variations to the doses recommended should be clarified with the prescriber prior to administration

Related CAHS internal policies, procedures and guidelines

[Antimicrobial Stewardship Policy](#)


[ChAMP Empiric Guidelines and Monographs](#)

[KEMH Neonatal Medication Protocols](#)

References

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