



Keeping our mob healthy

How to stop chronic lung sickness

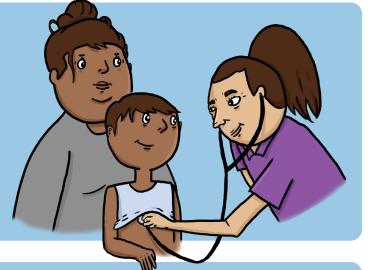


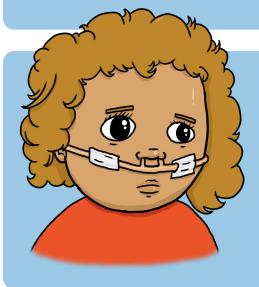
Did you know?

- After being in hospital for a chest infection, 1 in 5 Aboriginal children can develop chronic lung sickness.
- Chronic lung sickness is a bad lung sickness in children.
- Children with chronic lung sickness often have a wet cough that doesn't go away.
- A wet cough is a cough that sounds as if there is flem/ spit in the chest.
- If bub has a wet cough for more than 4 weeks, they may have an infection in their lungs.

What can you do?

- Listen if bub's cough continues each day or if it goes away.
- If bub has a wet cough every day for 4 weeks they should see a doctor.
- The doctor might need to some antibiotic medicine to help stop the coughing.





Strong lungs: Strong kids

We want to help children stop getting lung sickness, so they can grow up strong.

Please take bub to your local GP or health clinic to get a lung check up 4 weeks after leaving the hospital.



Government of Western Australia Child and Adolescent Health Service

This document can be made available in alternative formats on request for a person with a disability.

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